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Microsoft^a

Computer Dictionary

Edition

- Fully updated with the latest technologies, terms, and acronyms
- · Easy to read, expertly illustrated
- Definitive coverage of hardware, software, the Internet, and more!

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PUBLISHED BY
Microsoft Press
A Division of Microsoft Corporation
One Microsoft Way
Redmond, Washington 98052-6399

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Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data Microsoft Computer Dictionary.--5th ed.

p.; cm.

ISBN 0-7356-1495-4

1. Computers--Dictionaries. 2. Microcomputers--Dictionaries.

AQ76.5. M52267 2002 004'.03--dc21

200219714

Printed and bound in the United States of America.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 QWT 7 6 5 4 3 2

Distributed in Canada by Penguin Books Canada Limited.

A CIP catalogue record for this book is available from the British Library.

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Body Part No. X08-41929



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n. The symbol for the base of the natural logarithm 2.71828. Introduced by Leonhard Euler in the mid-eighteenth century, e is a fundamental mathematical constant used in calculus, science, engineering, and programming languages, as in logarithmic and exponential functions in C and Basic.

e- *prefix* Short for electronic. A prefix indicating that a word refers to the computer-based version of some traditionally nonelectronic term, as e-mail, e-commerce, and e-money.

E- prefix See exa-.

E3 n. Acronym for Electronic Entertainment Expo. A major convention where game industry developers, manufacturers, and publishers demonstrate their latest wares.

EAI n. Acronym for Enterprise Application Integration. The process of coordinating the operation of the various programs, databases, and existing technologies of a business or enterprise so that they function as an efficient, business-wide system.

arly binding n. See static binding.

EAROM *n*. Acronym for electrically alterable read-only memory. *See* EEPROM.

Easter egg n. A hidden feature of a computer program. It may be a hidden command, an animation, a humorous message, or a list of credits for the people who developed the program. In order to display an Easter egg, a user often must enter an obscure series of keystrokes.

av sdropper n. See lurker.

EBCDIC *n.* Acronym for Extended Binary Coded Decimal Interchange Code. An IBM code that uses 8 bits to represent 256 possible characters, including text, numbers, punctuation marks, and transmission control characters. It is used primarily in IBM mainframes and minicomputers. *Compare* ASCII.

e-bomb *n*. Short for **e**-mail **bomb**. A technique used by some hackers in which a target is put on a large number of mailing lists so that network traffic and storage are tied up by e-mail sent by other mailing list subscribers to the lists' recipients.

e-book *n*. Format allowing books and other large texts to be downloaded from a Web site and viewed digitally. Typically, reading an e-book requires using a small computer appliance that is about the size of a paperback book and consists of a display screen and basic controls. Users can bookmark, highlight, or annotate text, but rights management features may prevent users from e-mailing, printing, or otherwise sharing e-book contents. *Also called:* electronic book.

e-cash n. See e-money.

ECC n. See error-correction coding.

echo¹ n. In communications, a signal transmitted back to the sender that is distinct from the original signal. Network connections can be tested by sending an echo back to the main computer.

echo² vb. To transmit a received signal back to the sender. Computer programs, such as MS-DOS and OS/2, can be commanded to echo input by displaying data on the screen as it is received from the keyboard. Data communications circuits may echo text back to the originating terminal to confirm that it has been received.

echo cancellation *n*. A technique for eliminating unwanted incoming transmissions in a modem that are echoes of the modem's own transmission. The modem sends a modified, reversed version of its transmission on its receiving path, thus erasing echoes while leaving incoming data intact. Echo cancellation is standard in V.32 modems.

echo check *n*. In communications, a method for verifying the accuracy of transmitted data by retransmitting it to the sender, which compares the echoed signal with the original.

cho I op attack n. A form of denial of service (DoS) attack in which a connection is established between User Datagram Protocol (UDP) services on two or more host machines that bounce an increasing volume of packets back and forth. The echo loop attack ties up the host machines and causes network congestion.

echoplex n. In c detection. The rethe sender's screecheck for accuracy

echo suppresso venting echoes in signals from the l channel. For mod quency, the echo two-way transmis high-pitched tone

ECL n. See emitt-

ers Association. zerland, whose A (Computer and B ciation). Its stand formatted text an original formatti

ECMAScript n. language specific Manufacturers A This language watations and manij Microsoft impler Netscape implem

ECML n. See Ele

e-comm r e n. mercial activity t connected throug occur between a conline informatic (BBS), or betwee through electronicalled: e-tail. Sec

ECP n. Acronyn tocol, developed bidirectional, hig puter and a printi 1284 standard, w that are compatil tronics parallel p

e-cr dit n. See e